

# The Forrest City Times.

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"Fear God, Tell the Truth and Make Money."

By LANDVOIGT & VADAKIN.

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## ARKANSAS STATE NEWS.

**Program of Confederate Reunion to Be Held at Hot Springs in September.**

### EVENTS OF A WEEK BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

**A Pope County Farmer, Under Sentence in Federal Court, and Released Without Bond in Order That He Might Make a Crop, Presents Himself to Serve Term.**

**Program for Confederate Reunion.**  
Following is the programme of the Confederate reunion to be held at Hot Springs September 23, 24 and 25:

- FIRST DAY, TUESDAY MORNING.**
1. Calling to order by S. Disheroon, local commander.
  2. Invocation by Chaplain-General Rev. John H. Dye.
  3. Address of welcome on behalf of the local camp, Hon. A. C. Curl.
  4. Address of welcome on behalf of the city, by Hon. Geo. R. Belding.
  5. Address of welcome on behalf of the Sons of Veterans, O. H. Sumpter.
  6. Response on behalf of U. C. V., Hon. J. E. Wood.
  7. Division commander assumes the chair and delivers his annual address, Gen. L. C. Balch.
  8. Appointment of committee on credentials.
  9. Adjournment.

- WEDNESDAY MORNING.**
- 10 a. m. Grand march.
  - 2 p. m.:
  1. Commander calls to order.
  2. Invocation by Rev. Julian C. Brown.
  3. Address by Hon. Minor Wallace.
  4. Report of standing committees.
  5. Report of special committees.
  6. Report of treasurer.
  7. Unfinished business.
  8. New business.
  9. Adjournment for the day.

- At night grand ball at Arlington hotel.
- THURSDAY MORNING.**
1. Call to order by commander.
  2. Invocation by Rev. Mr. Dowling.
  3. Election of officers.
  4. Final adjournment.

- Kept His Word.**
- Ulysses Waters, a young farmer of Pope county, voluntarily returned to the Pulaski county jail a few days ago to serve out a sixty days' sentence imposed in federal court last April for the crime of illegal sale of liquor. At the time of his conviction Waters had planted a crop, from the proceeds of which depended the support of himself and aged mother. At the request of citizens of Pope county, Judge Triebler permitted Waters to return home without bond, he agreeing to serve his time after his crop was laid by. True to his word, Waters presented himself to the proper officials at the appointed time. It is more than probable Waters will be released by Judge Triebler. Waters tells of his trouble in a straightforward, simple manner: "I haven't got anybody to look after but my old mother," he said at the jail. "She is getting old and feeble now, and it's mighty hard to leave her all by herself on the farm. I was guilty of the charge against me, but the good Lord knows I'll never be guilty of it again. I had my crop planted when I was arrested, and I was glad to get back to it when the judge let me off if I would promise to come back and serve out my sentence. I intended all the time to come back on the first day of August, but I had not finished laying by my crop and I just couldn't get away any sooner. I came as quick as I could, though I would be mighty glad to get out of here now, for I know things won't go well with mother and the farm if I'm not there. It is hard to leave her up there by herself. If they don't turn me loose I have arranged with a friend to gather my crop, but that will take a good deal out of what I ought to make by it. If I had my debts paid it wouldn't make so much difference. But I owe \$150 and I'd hate worse than anything for the men who signed the notes to have to pay 'em for me."

**Guy Jones Drowned.**

Guy Jones, white, was drowned while attempting to swim across a stream near Mena. In company with a couple of friends, he started across the swollen stream in a boat. All being good swimmers, and with no fear of the water, they rocked the boat around until it capsized. One man swam across while Jones and the other returned to the shore from which they started, and after a few moments' rest re-entered the stream to swim across. They were fully clothed and made rather slow progress, and while in the middle of the stream both were taken with cramps. Before help could reach him Jones sank out of sight. His companion succeeded in reaching some rocks standing up in the stream, and after a rest swam on to shore.

### Perpetual Motion.

L. S. Grieves, a native of Yell county, is exhibiting at Kansas City a peculiar machine on the order of perpetual motion. The invention is remarkably simple, but it is the result of twelve years' work. Grimes first took a circular piece cut from a thick board and trimmed down the edge to resemble a circular switchback railway. In the center of this board he fastened a second circular board on a steel post that fit into a ball-bearing bicycle axle. To the top board was fastened, by means of a rod, a small wheel, which was so fixed that it would strike at each revolution of the upper board at a point near the top of the inclined plane of the lower board, the lower board being slightly inclined. Grimes then placed a weight on top of the upper disk, placed the wheel at the top of the inclined plane, released it, and the machine began to move and continued in motion until stopped by its inventor. The machine is started by the wheel running down the incline on one side. This takes the weight on the opposite side away from the center of gravity, and it carries the machine around until the wheel strikes the top of the incline again, when new force is imparted to the revolving upper disk.

### Delegates Named.

Gov. Davis has appointed the following delegates to the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, to be held at St. Paul, Minn., the latter part of this month: Geo. R. Wood, Van Buren; Julian Blass, Little Rock; J. M. Richardson, DeWitt's Bluff; John C. Hill, Clarksville; Dr. L. E. Love, Dardanelle; B. O. Hardon, Conway; Wood Rainwater, Morrilton; Ben H. Crowley, Paragould; M. J. Grant, Magnolia; T. M. Brown, Clarendon; W. A. Babcock, Hot Springs; Ad Bertig, Paragould; J. T. W. Tiller, Little Rock; Dick Hamm, Mulberry; R. C. Brown, Russellville; Ben Berger, Malvern.

### Apple Growers to Hold Convention.

A meeting of the apple-growers and shippers of the Louisiana Purchase has been called to meet in St. Louis August 19 for the purpose of arranging for an apple congress to be held later in the year in St. Louis, and President John P. Logan of the Arkansas State Horticultural Society has appointed the following delegates to represent the state society at that meeting: Geo. West, Eureka Springs; Capt. T. F. Hawley, Eureka Springs; O. W. Patterson, Gentry; A. W. Poole, Ozark; I. H. Henthorn, Bentonville; E. S. Forman, Green Forest.

### Murder and Suicide.

L. M. Huggins, a well to do citizen of Lone Elm, a village in Franklin county, shot and killed his wife and took his own life. It is supposed that jealousy prompted the doubtless temporarily crazed husband to the deed. The couple were the parents of six children. At the time of the tragedy there were six grown daughters sleeping in the household. They were awakened by the shots that took the life of their parents, and rushing to their room found the mother dead, and the father lived only a few moments.

### Used Knife and Pistol.

At a saw mill, near Lebanon, there was a cutting and shooting scrape between Henry Ladd and Arthur Littlefield, in which the former was seriously cut and the other slightly shot. The row was the outcome of an old feud. It appears that Ladd ordered Littlefield off the premises, and when he left, Ladd followed, striking Littlefield, when the latter cut the former, and then Ladd shot Littlefield in the leg, inflicting a flesh wound.

### New Industries.

The progress in southern industrial development for the week just ended, as reported by the Tradesman, includes the following: Arkansas—Little Rock, \$100,000 mining company; \$25,000 land and improvement company; Texarkana, 165,000 ice factory; Fort Smith, coal company; Piggott, cotton gin and electric light and power company.

### Evidence of a Foul Crime.

A negro boy about 17 years old, was found dead by the side of the Hot Springs Western tract near Klondike. He was lying in the weeds about five feet from the track, on his face, with a rough, jagged hole in the back of his head, as through made by some blunt instrument. It is believed that he was killed and thrown from the excursion train.

### Ancient Burial Caskets Unearthed.

Several days ago two iron caskets, in each of which was buried a child apparently about four years old, were unearthed in the heart of the business district of Pine Bluff. The children were apparently buried about fifty years ago. Their bodies were in a good state of preservation.

### Granted an Appeal.

Chief Justice H. G. Bunn, of the supreme court, has granted an appeal to John Stokes, of Pine Bluff, who was convicted of the murder of one Coon Scott, and sentenced to be hanged on August 29. He was convicted on September 11, 1901, on purely circumstantial evidence.

### BRIEF MENTION.

Pine Bluff's "first bale" brought 16 cents per pound.

Mrs. I. N. Hargis, of Clinton, has raised a cabbage weighing nine pounds. The lumber yard of W. T. Wilcoxson, near Horatio, was destroyed by fire.

A man named Rolia, living near Texarkana, was shot and fatally wounded by Ernest Anderson, his stepson.

Two ex-convicts, while loading bed slats on a car at a spur near Conway, assaulted John Evans when he killed one of them.

O. C. Nall, a young man, was caught in the shafting of a stove factory at Sheridan and his left arm was torn completely off.

Undoubtedly the oldest married couple in the state are James Braden and wife of Fulton county, aged respectively 104 and 93 years.

During a storm at Batesville lightning struck the Batesville hotel and the barn of J. A. Luster, the latter being burned to the ground.

The first bale of cotton of the season was marketed at Fort Smith on the 9th inst. It was raised by W. J. Falkner, who received a premium of \$100.

Chas. Johnson, said to be one of the gang that robbed the bank at Clarksville and killed Sheriff Powers last April, is in jail at Evansville, Ind.

Charles Smith and Simpson Brown, white boys aged 17 and 18, had a difficulty near their adjoining homes in Cross county, when Smith stabbed Brown to death.

Fire at Austin destroyed the stores occupied by Blankenship & Son and J. C. Hart, general merchants. The loss is placed at \$5,000, partially covered by insurance.

Edgar Williams, who killed his stepfather, Wm. Hackley, near Piggott about two weeks ago, was acquitted at his preliminary trial. It is said Hackley wronged the 15-year-old sister of Williams.

Gambling houses are said to be running wide open at Little Rock, Pine Bluff and other points in the state, despite the drastic Wilson anti-gambling law passed by the last general assembly.

Contracts have been awarded for improvements at Texarkana costing over \$1,000,000, including a jail, a fine school building, an electric street car system, a creosoting and other industrial plants.

### Seven Freight Cars Burned.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—The first section of the express train on the Pennsylvania railroad which left shortly before midnight ran into the side of an east-bound freight train near Dock street tower in this city, Monday morning. Seven freight cars were broken and burned, but the Pullman sleepers composing the train were unbroken. No passengers were hurt. The fireman and engineer escaped. Most of the wrecked cars were box cars loaded with grain, and burned readily.

### PRESERVING WISDOM.

**Some Items of Information Concerning a Work of Importance to the Housekeeper.**

Preserve the best fruit; it is poor economy to put up inferior fruit, which needs more sugar and is lacking in flavor.

Small pears or peaches which are not good enough to can may be made into excellent sweet pickle; the spices provide what flavor the fruit lacks. The rule for any sort of sweet pickle is seven pounds of fruit, one pint of vinegar and three and one-half pounds of brown sugar. Let the spices accord with your own taste, advises Good Housekeeping.

After fruit has been canned for a week or two, if there are no air bubbles and the tops are slightly indented, it is keeping all right. If the conditions are the opposite, immediately empty it out, boil it up and use at once. It is no use wasting sugar in trying to make it keep.

Do not preserve at once more fruit than will fill two or three jars. It will be overcooked before it can be canned. Never use more than three-quarters of a pound of sugar to one pound of fruit when canning it; that proportion makes a very rich sirup.

When making jelly or fruit juice first wring the jelly bag out of very hot water. You will save just so much juice, which would otherwise be absorbed.

After dissolving the sugar in the juice for a jelly, only boil up a small quantity at a time; it will take longer, but its keeping qualities and its flavor will be twice as good as if all boiled at once.

None of the small fruits require water added to them for jam or jelly; of course water adds to the juice, but a fairly ripe fruit has juice enough. Put a small quantity of the fruit, mashed, in a preserving kettle and allow it to cook for a minute, stirring it well, then add the remainder of the fruit by degrees and cook gently but steadily till soft, then add the sugar.

## BARCELONA HAS FALLEN.

**The Venezuelan City Has Fallen Into the Hands of the Revolutionary Party.**

### THE VICTORS ARE SACKING THE TOWN.

**The Officials at Washington, in Response to a Cabled Request, Have Ordered the Dispatch of a Warship to Barcelona for Protection of American Interests.**

Washington, Aug. 13.—Minister Bowen has cabled the state department from Caracas that our consul at Barcelona has informed him by wire that Barcelona has been taken by the revolutionists; that they are sacking the town and that in his judgment the protection of a vessel should be immediately afforded him. Mr. Bowen says he has cabled the Cincinnati to return without delay. He notes that the Topeka is at Porto Cabello and the Marietta up the Orinoco river.

After a conference between the state and navy department officials in regard to Minister Bowen's dispatch the following instructions to the commander of the Topeka at Porto Cabello, were prepared.

"Vessel needed immediately at Barcelona. If you sail before the Cincinnati arrives from Curacao leave for her instructions cabled you yesterday."

Before the instructions were sent, the Cincinnati reported here arrival at Porto Cabello, whereupon the instructions were modified so as to direct that one of the ships proceed immediately to Barcelona. This leaves it discretionary with Capt. McLean, of the Cincinnati, the senior officer present, to send the Cincinnati or go himself with the Cincinnati. The vessel which remains will be prepared to land bluejackets at Porto Cabello in case of necessity.

### TWAS A STUBBORN FIGHT.

**The Battle of Barcelona Lasted From Sunday Until Friday.**

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Aug. 12.—Details of the fighting at Barcelona, Venezuela, received here by boat, show that a battle started on Sunday, August 3, and that on the following Wednesday the revolutionists entered the city. They kept up a continuous firing day and night, destroying houses one by one to reach the center of the city.

### Officers Tried to Escape.

At midnight on Thursday two-thirds of the city was in the power of the revolutionists. On Friday the government strongholds were carried and the last survivors of the government officers tried to escape by the river to the sea, but failing in this, they made one last stand, after which, at noon Friday, they surrendered to the revolutionists' commanders, Generals Francisco, Monagas and Platero. Among those taken prisoners are Martin Marciano, president of the state of Barcelona, and commander of the government troops, eight generals and 23 colonels.

The dead on both sides numbered 167.

### Women and Children Maltreated.

All houses in the city were sacked and in some instances inoffensive women and children were maltreated and killed. All stores were pillaged, especially those belonging to foreigners, and the French cable office was robbed.

The American, Italian and Dutch consulates were pillaged and the consuls have asked for men-of-war to protect life and property.

United States Minister Bowen, at Caracas, has cabled to the United States cruiser Cincinnati to go to Barcelona without delay and to take provisions. The Topeka is anchored at Porto Cabello, the Marietta is on the Orinoco, the German warship Falke is at Curacao, and the Italian cruiser Giovanni Bausan and the British cruiser Pallas are at Lagaira.

### AN INEFFECTIVE BLOCKADE.

**Blockade of Cape Haytien Declared Ineffective by Capt. McCrea.**

Washington, Aug. 13.—The navy department received two cablegrams, Tuesday, from commander McCrea, of the gunboat Machias, dated Cape Haytien, August 12, in which he reports that the attempted blockade of the port by the revolutionists is ineffective. In the first dispatch he said: "Have decided the blockade spasmodic, therefore ineffective. (Have) Notified consuls will protect innocent, neutral commerce."

In the second dispatch, which came later, he said: "Consider blockade abandoned, American schooner reporting blockader absent."

### Lunched With the President.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The president had as his guest for luncheon, Tuesday, Wm. B. Grace, formerly mayor of New York city.

## PRINCE CHEN IN NEW YORK.

**Our Imperial Visitor From the Celestial Empire Shown the Sights of the American Metropolis.**

New York, Aug. 13.—Prince Chen paid a visit to the city hall Tuesday and was formally welcomed to the city by President Farnes of the board of aldermen, who is acting mayor in the absence of Mr. L. we, on his vacation. The prince was accompanied by Third Assistant Secretary of State Pierce, the Chinese minister Wu Tingfang, the minister Chen Tung, Liang Cheng, the Chinese consul and vice-consul, and attaches of the Chinese legation at Washington.

Escorted by a detachment of mounted police, the prince and his party were driven to the city hall from the Waldorf-Astoria about 3 p. m. Up to that hour the titled visitors had remained quietly at his hotel. As soon as the introductions were over Acting Mayor Farnes delivered the address of welcome, to which the prince gave the closest attention. At its conclusion it was interpreted to him, and he replied, in his own language at considerable length. His reply was interpreted by the Chinese consul. In it the prince said that on his return to China, in spite of his short visit, what he had seen and what he had learned would cement further the friendship between his country and ours.

### Visits the Post Office.

A visit was next made to the post office, where Postmaster Van Cott, after receiving the distinguished visitors in his private room, conducted them through the office. Prince Chen was apparently much interested and spent a considerable time examining the system in detail.

The prince and his party took a drive over the Brooklyn bridge, next visited the sub-treasury and thence proceeded to Chinatown. There an elaborate reception had been prepared, and the streets were gayly decorated with flags and colored lanterns. The Chinese merchants lined up on the sidewalks with Long-Yam Hing, known as the mayor of Chinatown, at their head. Large strings of fire crackers and other fireworks were strung across the streets. There was no cheering for the prince as he passed through Chinatown, and he was driven through very rapidly. Many of the Chinamen standing on balconies executed a kow tow. From Chinatown the party was driven back to the Waldorf-Astoria.

### Will Probably Return in 1904.

Prince Chen left Tuesday night for Montreal in a special car attached to the Montreal express. He was escorted to his car by Mr. Pierce and Mr. Reynolds. He shook them both warmly by the hand, and then Sir Liang, speaking for the prince, said:

"His highness desires me to tell you that it is with deep gratitude in his heart that he now bids farewell to the hospitality of this nation. He is sorry that his stay here has been so brief, and says that if it is possible he will visit this country during the St. Louis exposition. He desires me to thank you, gentlemen, personally, and the people of the United States and its noble chief executive President Roosevelt, in general for their hospitality. He desires that you again express his gratitude and that of his government to President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay for the friendly feeling which this country has felt toward China."

### LEMONS SOLD FOR DUTIES.

**Cool Weather Had So Depressed the Market that Importers Declined to Receive Them.**

New York, Aug. 13.—The appraiser at this port has sold for the government, in the last three weeks, 100,000 boxes of lemons because the importers declined to pay duty on them. Most of the lemons imported here come from Mediterranean ports, and the amount has been greatly increased within a few years.

They used to come in sailing vessels, but now they come in steamers, which bring much larger cargoes.

The chief reason for the present glut, however, is believed to be because there has been no prolonged hot spell. Fewer lemons have been consumed and the visible supply has increased until the price has gone down to a point where it would be money thrown away to pay duty.

### DEATH FROM APOPLEXY.

**Charles E. Pratt, a Once Widely-Known Musician and Orchestra Leader, Dead.**

New York, Aug. 13.—Charles E. Pratt, a once widely known musician, is dead of apoplexy. He was undergoing treatment for Bright's disease at a hospital here. He was born at Hartford, Conn., in 1841, and a various times he was associated as accompanist and orchestra leader with such artists as Emma Abbott, Mme. Anna Bishop, Robert Heller, Alice Dunning Lingard and Clara Louise Kellogg.

## THE LEXINGTON LYNCHING.

**The Missouri Mob Who Avenged the Murder of Geo. W. Johnson Worked Quickly.**

### ONE OF THE CULPRITS CONFESSED.

**Salyers, the White Man, Had a Bad Reputation, While Gates, the Negro, Had Served a Term in the Penitentiary for Burglary Committed in Lexington.**

Lexington, Mo., Aug. 13.—Charles Salyers (white) and Harry Gates (colored) were taken from the county jail here by a masked mob at 1:30 Tuesday morning and lynched. They were charged with killing George W. Johnson, a wealthy farmer, who surprised them at his henhouse, near town, a week ago. Before they were strung up Salyers made a statement to the mob, saying that Gates had fired the shot that killed Johnson.

### Arrest of the Culprits.

Salyers and Gates were arrested on the day following the shooting after an exciting chase.

Johnson was one of the wealthiest and most respected men in the community, and the feeling against the two men was intense. A mob gathered while they were being brought to town, but was quieted through the efforts of the officers, and it was decided that the men would be allowed to stand trial.

### Gathering of Armed Men.

Monday about midnight, armed men came to town by twos and threes, most of them masked. They massed finally near the courtyard, in which the county jail is situated. The mob was orderly and well directed, each man doing his work efficiently and effectively. A demand upon the jailor for the prisoners meeting with refusal, several members of the mob, who had come well prepared, broke in the outer door, and made quickly for the cells of the murderers.

### Salyers Made a Statement.

It took upwards of half an hour to cut through the steel doors. Salyers was taken out first, then Gates. Without encountering any serious objection, the mob started with the men for a point half a mile south of town. There Salyers was granted permission to make a statement. He said that Gates had shot Johnson after firing three times, and that when the last shot was fired Gates had hold of Johnson. Before being killed, Johnson had exchanged shots with the men, and Gates was found to have been shot in the right hip. Salyers' statement finished, the men were quickly strung up to a tree.

### The Bodies Left Hanging.

There they were left hanging and the mob dispersed quietly at two o'clock, after an hour's work.

Only one shot was fired, and that was to put out an incandescent light in front of a livery stable as the mob passed by on the way to the scene of the lynching. Salyers, alias Sacks, had lived here for a number of years and left a family. He had a bad reputation. Gates, who was 30 years old, had served a term in the penitentiary for burglary committed in Lexington.

### JAMES PARISH CAPTURED.

**The Third of the Alleged Mexican Central Train Robbers Captured at Zaragossa, Mexico.**

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 13.—M. B. Davis, of the Wells Fargo Express Co., here, has received a telegram from the company's detective at Zaragossa, Mex., announcing the capture of Jas. Parrish, the third of the alleged Mexican Central robbers. The dispatch stated that some money was recovered when Parrish was captured, but the amount is not given. A reward of \$600 was posted by the Wells Fargo Co. for the arrest of Parrish.

### CHICAGO POLICEMEN KILLED.

**Police Officers Timothy Devine and Chas. T. Pennell, of Chicago, Fall in a Battle With Robbers.**

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Officers Timothy Devine and Charles T. Pennell, patrolmen of the Chicago police department, were killed here early Tuesday morning in a revolver battle with what is supposed to have been a gang of thugs. Both men died before an adequate account of the shooting could be obtained—Devine in the ambulance on the way to the hospital, and Pennell on the operating table while surgeons were probing for bullets.

The fight occurred just before dawn, near Jackson boulevard and Ashland avenue, in the aristocratic section of the west side. The fusillade of shots aroused the entire neighborhood. Citizens who heard the dying policemen groan rushed to their assistance and saw men running away.